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10/569,953	10/30/2006	Kiyoaki Takiguchi	09812.0123	3086
22852 7590 09/29/2009 FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER LLP			EXAMINER	
			EVOY, NICHOLAS LANE	
901 NEW YORK AVENUE, NW WASHINGTON, DC 20001-4413			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3768	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/569,953	TAKIGUCHI, KIYOAKI				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	NICHOLAS L. EVOY	3768				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	lely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 Au This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro					
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-15 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-15 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) 1-15 is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examine. 10) The drawing(s) filed on 28 February 2006 is/are. Applicant may not request that any objection to the ore Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction.	vn from consideration. r election requirement. r. e: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 2/28/2006, 10/30/2006 and 8/14/2009.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ite				



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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

1. Claims 1-15 objected to because of the following informalities: Idiomatic English is used through the claim language. Although the applicant's meaning is understood, sentences such as "quasi-electrostatic field detecting means detecting..." renders the claims difficult to interpret. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-15 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Gersheneld et al, US Patent Number 5,914,701.
- 3. In re claim 1, Gersheneld discloses a measuring apparatus comprising: quasielectrostatic field generating means generating a quasi-electrostatic field of higher field
 strength as compared with a radiated electric field and an induced electromagnetic field;
 quasi-electrostatic field detecting means detecting a result of interaction between said
 quasi-electrostatic field generated by said quasi-electrostatic field generating means
 and applied to an object to be measured, and an electric field corresponding to a

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potential change caused by a dynamic reaction inside said object to be measured; and extracting means extracting said potential change from said result of interaction detected by said quasi-electrostatic field detecting means (i.e. the quasi-electrostatic field being stronger than the negligible electromagnetic field, see Abstract and Column 2, Lines 54-59).

- 4. In re claim 2, Gersheneld discloses the measuring apparatus according to claim I, wherein: said object to be measured is a living body; and said quasi-electrostatic field detecting means detects said result of interaction with said electric field corresponding to said potential change caused by a biological reaction inside said living body (Abstract).
- 5. In re claim 3, Gersheneld discloses the measuring apparatus according to claim I, wherein said quasi-electrostatic field generating means generates said quasi-electrostatic fields of said higher field strength as compared with said induced electromagnetic field, at each of said distances respectively corresponding to said plurality of frequencies (Column 2, Lines 54-59).
- 6. In re claim 4, Gersheneld discloses the measuring apparatus according to claim I, wherein said quasi-electrostatic field generating means generates said quasi-electrostatic fields of said higher field strength as compared with said induced electromagnetic field, in time division manner for each of said distances at each of said distances respectively corresponding to said plurality of frequencies (i.e. the electromagnetic field is inherently smaller, Column 2, Lines 54-59).

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7. In re claim 5, Gersheneld discloses the measuring apparatus according to claim 3, wherein said quasi-electrostatic field generating means comprises output adjusting means adjusting outputs of each voltage corresponding to each of said frequencies to a predetermined electrode, to make the strength of each of said quasi-electrostatic fields generated at each of said distances respectively corresponding to each of the frequencies become a predetermined field strength, and outputting a combined result of each of said voltages after the adjustment (Column 2, Lines 9-19).

- 8. In re claim 6, Gersheneld discloses the measuring apparatus according to claim 4, wherein said quasi-electrostatic field generating means comprises output adjusting means adjusting outputs of each voltage corresponding to each of said frequencies to a predetermined electrode, to make the strength of each of said quasi-electrostatic fields generated at each of said distances respectively corresponding to each of the frequencies become a predetermined field strength (Column 2, Lines 20-39 and Column 5, Lines 4-11).
- 9. In re claim 7, Gersheneld discloses the measuring apparatus according to claim 1, wherein: said quasi-electrostatic field generating means comprises a pair of electrodes for generation generating said quasi-electrostatic fields; said quasi-electrostatic field detecting means comprises a pair of electrodes for detection detecting said result of interaction; and said pair of electrodes for generation and said pair of electrodes for detection are formed into a unit electrode and a plurality of said unit electrodes are formed on the same surface (Column 4, Lines 55-64).

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10. In re claim 8, Gersheneld discloses a measuring method comprising: a quasielectrostatic field generating step generating a quasi-electrostatic field of higher field
strength as compared with a radiated electric field and an induced electromagnetic field;
a quasi-electrostatic field detecting step detecting a result of interaction between said
quasi-electrostatic field generated in said quasi-electrostatic field generating step and
applied to an object to be measured, and an electric field corresponding to a potential
change caused by a dynamic reaction inside said object to be measured; and an
extracting step extracting said potential change from said result of interaction detected
in said quasi-electrostatic field detecting step (i.e. the quasi-electrostatic field being
stronger than the negligible electromagnetic field, see Abstract and Column 2, Lines 5459).

- 11. In re claim 9, Gersheneld discloses the measuring method according to claim 8, wherein said object to be measured is a living body, and wherein said result of interaction with said electric field corresponding to said potential change caused by a biological reaction inside said living body is detected in said quasi-electrostatic field detecting step (Abstract).
- 12. In re claim 10, Gersheneld discloses the measuring method according to claim 8, wherein said quasi-electrostatic fields of said higher field strength as compared with said induced electromagnetic field at each of said distances respectively corresponding to a plurality of said frequencies are generated in said quasi-electrostatic field generating step (Column 2, Lines 54-59).

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13. In re claim 11, Gersheneld discloses the measuring method according to claim 8, wherein said quasi-electrostatic fields of said higher field strength as compared with said induced electromagnetic field are generated in time division manner for each of said distances at each of said distances respectively corresponding to a plurality of said frequencies in said quasi-electrostatic field generating step (i.e. the electromagnetic field is inherently smaller, Column 2, Lines 54-59).

- 14. In re claim 12, Gersheneld discloses the measuring method according to claim 10, wherein said quasi-electrostatic field generating step comprises output adjusting step adjusting outputs of each voltage corresponding to each of said frequencies to a predetermined electrode, to make the strength of each of said quasi-electrostatic fields generated at said distances respectively corresponding to each of the frequencies become a predetermined field strength, and outputting a combined result of each of said voltages after the adjustment (Column 2, Lines 9-19).
- 15. In re claim 13, Gersheneld discloses the measuring method according to claim 11, wherein said quasi-electrostatic field generating step comprises output adjusting step adjusting outputs of each voltage corresponding to each of said frequencies to a predetermined electrode, to make the strength of each of said quasi-electrostatic fields generated at said distances (Column 2, Lines 20-39 and Column 5, Lines 4-11).
- 16. In re claim 14, Gersheneld discloses a measuring apparatus comprising: quasielectrostatic field detecting means detecting potential changes caused by biological reactions inside a living body; and extracting means extracting one of said potential

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changes caused by predetermined one of said biological reactions from said potential changes detected by said quasi-electrostatic field detecting means (Abstract).

17. In re claim 15, Gersheneld discloses a measuring method comprising: quasielectrostatic field detecting step detecting potential changes caused by biological reactions inside a living body; and extracting step extracting one of said potential change caused by predetermined one of said biological reactions from said potential changes detected in said quasi-electrostatic field detecting step (Abstract).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to NICHOLAS L. EVOY whose telephone number is (571)270-1388. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 7:30-5:00, Alternating Fridays Off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Long Le can be reached on (571)272-0823. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

NLE 9/23/09

/Long V Le/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3768